

# 50 HURT IN COAL STRIKE RIOT; ALL AVAILABLE SUPPLY SEIZED

To-night's Weather—FAIR.

To-morrow's Weather—FAIR.

**GREAT IS MANO' WAR**  
Superhorse Is Pampered  
Like a Prima Donna  
**SEE PAGE THREE**

**The**

**Evening**

**World.**

**FINAL**  
EDITION

"Circulation Books Open to All."

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## FUGITIVES FROM SING SING SOUGHT IN FOUR STATES; ROB AS THEY ELUDE POSSES

Steal Autos, Money, Clothes  
at Pistol Point in Their  
Flight.

ARMED MEN SEARCH.

Convicts Last Seen in Connec-  
ticut—Prison Guards Give  
Up Chase.

Racing their stolen car at all the speed they can get out of it, George Stivers and Marcus Bassett, the escaped Sing Sing prisoners, are to-day seeking a refuge somewhere in Massachusetts or Rhode Island, according to the best information the authorities have been able to get of them. In both States the two men have friends, and all roads leading from Connecticut are being closely watched.

So far as the Sing Sing guards are concerned, the chase has now gone too far afield for them and to-day they gave up search for the two convicts. But it will be maintained with all possible vigor by sheriffs and the police of four States, New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Massachusetts, aided by scores of volunteers.

The fugitives were last seen at dinner time last night at Lakeville, Conn., showing that they had covered sixty miles after their flight from Sing Sing. Those who saw the two men said that they were headed in the direction of Bridgeport, where was a doubling of their course.

Near the Connecticut-Massachusetts State line there are seven posses on the lookout numbering 150 armed men. The countryside within a 200-mile radius of Sing Sing is on the watch, and in every town and city of the three States the police are guarding the roads.

GET MONEY BY HOLD-UPS AS  
THEY SPEED ALONG.

The convicts have the advantage of their pursuers in that they can change automobiles whenever they come across one they want, and in the same way can change their appearance by stealing other clothes from persons they meet and throwing away the ones they had. The two men have money, taken from hold-ups on the way, if they decide to change to a railroad, and a further confusing fact is that pursuers have no way of knowing when the convicts may decide to abandon their flight and go into hiding. Both men are daring and resourceful, and much of

(Continued on the Second Page.)

## BUSTEED, GIDEON ARE SENTENCED TO JAIL, THEN LET OFF

Aged Nassau Gamblers Pay  
\$1,000 Fines, but Escape  
Going to Sing Sing.

In the Supreme Court at Mineola this afternoon, Justice Townsend Scudder sentenced David Gideon, famous horseman, seventy-six years old, and William H. Busteed, seventy-two, to six months in Sing Sing and \$1,000 fine each. Immediately after the prison sentence was suspended pending good behavior. Busteed paid the fines for both, handing over to the court two \$1,000 bills.

"Your age," said Justice Scudder, looking down upon the two old men, "has greatly disturbed the court. It should have been a bar to the evil you were doing. It seems to have developed in you only a cunning to circumvent the law. Not only did you invite, but you caused the loss of confidence on the part of the public in officials whose path you have crossed, and whose good will, it must be inferred, you needed in your business."

The judge then suspended the prison sentence and immediately afterward fined the five employees of the pair, doormen, roulette and other attendants of the gambling house of the pair in Hewlett, L. I., were given sentences of six months in the county jail and fined from \$1,000 down to \$250. The court warned them that if they ever accepted such employment in Nassau County they could not expect clemency.

John Shaugnessy, the third gambler, was given a suspended sentence, because of the services he had rendered the prosecution, the court announced.

Before the three men were permitted to depart they were served with subpoenas to appear when required before the John Doe proceedings in progress. The next move of the Grand Jury, it is intimated, will be the report of that body on the officials said to have been bribed.

## PIERCE TWO WALLS AND GET NOTHING

Burglars Take Along Sandwiches  
to Week-end Job in a  
Warehouse.

Five burglars went into the left building at No. 52 Water Street, laden with sandwiches on Saturday afternoon and for twenty-four hours hammered and chiseled and drilled their way through two two-foot brick walls into the warehouse of William R. Royce at No. 54.

They made an eight-foot hole in the wall, went into the offices of Lund and Miller on the third floor, which was one below that through which they made their entrance, used a whisky broom and the telephone and opened a desk. Automatic alarms called police and watchmen and the burglars got away without reward for their week-end work. They left their hammer, shovels and chisels behind. It is believed they were after whisky.

## HOLDUPS INCREASE; TWO UNDER ARREST IN \$40,000 ROBBERY

Italian Bonds, Jewelry and  
Money Taken From Woman  
on Way Home.

HER SON A WITNESS.

Female Suspect Tells of Threats  
by Pair Supposed to Have  
Carried Out Job.

To-day's list of over-the-week-end robberies is even longer than usual. Few arrests have been made.

The largest individual robbery is that in which the victim is Mrs. Josephine Polini, No. 224 East 36th Street, who lost \$40,000 worth of Italian bonds, jewelry and money. Her husband has a grocery store in East 24th Street. They kept the valuables in the store by day and Mrs. Polini has been carrying them home at night in a brief case. Early yesterday, when she was going through 24th Street, robbers stepped from a hallway and held her up. Her son, Salvatore Jr., was with her. Before he could summon help the robbers disappeared.

Carmelo Prone, eighteen years old, No. 129 East 25th Street, and Mary Husing, No. 421 Second Avenue, were arrested in connection with the Polini robbery. The police say Prone, who formerly worked in the Polini store, admitted having told two men about the way the valuables were handled. Detectives say there is reason to believe that the robbery was planned in Mrs. Husing's home, where they say a bludgeon and two pistols were found. She is said to have told the police that they fired one shot to frighten Prone into silence.

In Yorkville Court to-day Prone was held in \$10,000 and Mary Husing in \$5,000 bail for forty-eight hours.

Three masked men entered the delicatessen store of Norman Hindli, No. 836 Seventh Avenue, early yesterday morning and got \$130 from the cash drawer and a diamond pin worth \$100 from Hindli, whom they beat up.

William Murray and his son Charles of Richmond Hill were slightly wounded by a holdup man who tried to rob them yesterday.

Murray was shot in the left thigh when he refused to give up his money, and his son was shot in the right knee. A man giving the name of Harry Rogers, No. 248 Montrose Avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested.

Four armed men held up James Carroll, bartender in a saloon at 85th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, yesterday afternoon and got \$60. They fled in a taxi and were followed by Patrolman Cassidy in another. In a saloon at 67th Street and West End Avenue, Cassidy arrested two men after a fight. Two more were arrested later. The four gave the names of Thomas Connolly, No. 514 West 52d Street; Matthew Sullivan, No. 417 East 62d Street; Joseph Doyle, No. 415 West 58th Street, and James Connors, No. 773 Ninth Avenue. All four were held in the West Side Court in \$2,500 bail each on charges of robbery.

Burglars at 11 o'clock this morning entered the apartment of Harry Simon, No. 665 Fox Street by taking the door off its hinges. They stole a diamond ring valued at \$250 and then attempted to gain entrance to the apartment of Joe Katz across the hall. They were frightened away.

HELD IN \$35,000 HOLD-UP.

Youth Accused of Getting \$10,000  
Bribe Among Other Things.

## 85 PER CT. OF \$343,000,000 BUDGET, A \$70,000,000 JUMP, FALLS ON THE RENT PAYERS

Wage Earners and Others Who  
Must Foot Bill Show Little Inter-  
est in Huge 1921 Expenditures—  
Landlords to Pass Along Burden.

This article, dealing with the abnormal budget of the City of New York for the year 1921, is addressed to the rent-payer!

It is time the rent-payer came to a realization of the fact that 85 per cent. of the taxes of this city comes out of the pockets of the people who pay rent.

The rent-payer thus far has manifested only slight interest in a budget for 1921, which is \$70,000,000 in excess of the budget for 1920.

Landlords and real-estate owners have raised the only forcible objections to the tax-rate increase. The rent-payer is at a loss to find the opinion that he is not interested—that the increased tax will fall on the landlord.

But the landlord gets the money for his taxes from his tenants. Under the law he is entitled to a reasonable return on his investment. The tenant, in reason, cannot expect the landlord to pay increased taxes out of his own pocket and, certainly, the landlord has no intention of doing so.

THE TENANT PAYS.

Every rent-payer in Greater New York should read and digest and remember this:

INCREASED TAXES MEAN INCREASED RENTALS.

Just at this time, when rentals have mounted to an oppressive figure, the city is preparing to expend \$343,000,000 as the cost of Government and pass up \$28,000,000 in addition to the Legislature, which will formulate legislation by authority of which the taxpayers will eventually be mulcted of that amount too.

In order to be able to raise more money to spend the City Government has raised the assessed valuation of real estate for purposes of taxation in 1921 in the City of New York to \$10,238,090,319.

This is an increase in assessed valuation of \$1,243,732,946 over 1920.

The Constitution allows the city to collect for local taxation purposes 2 per cent. of the assessed valuation of real estate.

Under the provisions of the law the city is empowered to collect in taxes next year, in excess of the collections of 1920, 3 per cent. of \$1,243,732,946, or \$24,874,658.

This sum is to be exacted from landlords, BUT THE TENANTS ARE GOING TO REIMBURSE THE LANDLORDS IN INCREASED RENTALS.

Every rent-payer in the city will be affected according to his ability to pay.

Here is a concrete example of how the increased taxation works out to the damage of the tenant's resources.

A certain west side apartment house—thousands of similar cases might be quoted—is valued for taxation purposes this year at \$950,000. The house shelters seventy-two tenants.

For taxation purposes in 1921 this house is valued at \$1,150,000. On a valuation of \$950,000 at a taxation rate of \$2.48 per \$100, this year's figure—the landlord paid in taxes to the city the sum of \$23,560.

WHICH HE COLLECTED FROM THE TENANTS.

On a valuation of \$1,150,000 at a taxation rate of \$2.25 per \$100, which is approximately what the rate will be in 1921, the landlord will pay in taxes to the city the sum of \$25,775.

## WILSON WRITES HARDING ABOUT FRENCH "OFFER"

Asks Senator If He Was Cor-  
rectly Quoted in Saying  
France Sent Envoy.

BACKS FRENCH HONOR.

Hesitates to Draw Inference It  
Is Dealing With a Private  
Citizen.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—President Wilson to-day directed inquiries to both the French Government and Senator Harding as to the Republican's recent statement that he had been approached "informally" by a representative of France and asked to lead in the formation of an association of nations.

The inquiry to Senator Harding, which was in the form of a letter, was made public at the White House. The letter to Senator Harding follows:

"My Dear Sir:  
In the New York Times of yesterday, Sunday, Oct. 17, 1920, I find a dispatch dated St. Louis, Oct. 16, which purports to report recent public utterances of yours. It contains the following:

"Replying to criticism of his proposal for an association of nations, he said in a rear platform speech at Greensburg, Ind., that he already had been approached informally by a representative of France, who asked that the United States lead the way to a world fraternity."

"I write to ask if this is a correct quotation, and if you really said what is there accredited to you. I need not point out to you the grave and extraordinary inferences to be drawn from such a statement—namely, that the Government of France, which is a member of the League of Nations, approached private citizens of a nation which is not a member of the league with a request that the United States lead the way to a world fraternity."

"The Department of State has always found the Government of France most honorably mindful of its international obligations and punctiliously careful to observe all the proprieties of international intercourse."

"I hesitate, therefore, to draw the inference to which I am assured by you that you actually made this statement."

"Very truly yours,  
WOODROW WILSON."

The letter to Senator Harding was given out without comment but it was intimated that if Senator Harding replied that he was correctly quoted there might be another letter or a statement based upon Harding's speech, forthcoming from the White House.

DENIAL IN PARIS  
THAT ENVOY WAS  
SENT TO HARDING

Foreign Office Announces "Some Frenchman" May Have Talked Unofficially.

PARIS, Oct. 18 (United Press).—The French Foreign Office said to-day that a new association of nations may have been discussed by Senator Warren G. Harding and some Frenchman.

The announcement said that if a Frenchman did have such a conversation with Harding he was not acting as a spokesman for France.

## FIFTY HURT IN FIERCE RIOT IN LONDON BY UNEMPLOYED AS BIG COAL STRIKE BEGINS

Delegation Calls on Lloyd George  
While 10,000 Jobless Men March  
to Downing Street—Government  
Takes Over All Available Coal.

LONDON, Oct. 18 (Associated Press).—Disorders occurred in Whitehall this afternoon in connection with the coal miners' strike, during a demonstration by unemployed men who had sent a delegation to Premier Lloyd George in Downing Street. Many persons were injured in attempts to break through a police cordon and others were hurt when some stonework from a window on the Treasury Building fell.

The situation which developed on Whitehall at the entrance to Downing Street was an ugly one. There were a thousand of the unemployed there, awaiting the return of their delegation, and the great thoroughfare of Whitehall in the vicinity was jammed.

The disorder started when the unemployed demonstrators tried to break through the heavy police guard and get into Downing Street. It was during this rush that the window stones from the Treasury crashed down. Police reinforcements were rushed up, and mounted police were carried out to assist the regulars.

At least two of the police and several civilians were injured in the early attempts of the crowd to get through the cordon. Finally the crowd began to throw stones. The policeman on one side of Downing Street also collapsed during the crush.

A number of persons were injured when a crowd headed by the red flag of the Tottenham District Socialist and Labor Party made a determined rush and tried to break through the police. Eventually the red flag was captured.

FIFTY INJURED RECEIVE TREAT-  
MENT AFTER RIOT.

The delegation to the Premier consisted of fifteen heads of London business asking relief for the unemployed. The disorders were still proceeding when the delegation emerged from the Premier's official residence at No. 10 Downing Street and tried to quiet the crowd.

At the same time a small party of demonstrators went to the neighboring Trafalgar Square, set up a red flag, sang the "Internationale" and cheered Lenin and Trotsky. No trouble developed here, however, the police not interfering.

The police finally dispersed the demonstrators.

In connection with the sending of the delegation to the Premier a parade of 30,000 of the unemployed had been planned to march to Downing Street as a demonstration. After the disorders had subsided the parade of the unemployed resumed and continued toward Trafalgar Square in an orderly manner, escorted by the police.

Fifty injured persons were given treatment when the troubles ended. Twenty of these were sent to hospitals. The injured treated included two policemen and one woman. In connection with the character of the demonstration it was pointed out that the appearance of a red flag in a demonstration does not necessarily have particular significance.

All available supplies of coal have been placed under Government control.

The country awaited anxiously a report from the meeting held this morning of the Council of Transport Workers, which includes more than twenty unions, covering the dockers, the bus and tram workers, the commercial road transport men and the coal trimmers at the ports. The Council, however, after a private

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